

# WARWICK GREENWOOD CRICKET CLUB

# **COMPLAINT HANDLING PROCESS**

DEALING WITH ISSUES THROUGH INFORMAL PROCESSES

# CHARACTERISITICS OF LESS SERIOUS COMPLAINTS INCLUDE BEHAVIOUR OR DECISIONS THAT ARE:

- Out of character for the person about whom the complaint has been made
- One-off
- Not entrenched
- Low risk of harm/impact on other people

# EXAMPLES OF LESS SERIOUS ISSUES THAT CAN BE DEALT WITH USING INFORMAL PROCESSES INCLUDE:

- Favouritism in team selection
- Mild coarse language, yelling
- Excessive emphasis on winning
- Restriction of access to facilities

Relevant options for resolving less serious complaints include the following (choose the option you believe most appropriate for handling your complaint):

- 1. Provide more information to person complaining
- 2. Suggest person complaining talks directly with person complained about
- 3. You meet with the person complained about
- 4. Informal discussion with all those involved

# Option 1: Provide more information the person complaining

This is a good option when:

- You have clear guidelines available and it appears to be a lack of awareness of these
- The person complaining is seeking greater understanding
- The complaint is in the early stages of the process

### **Steps to follow:**

- Provide person complaining with a copy of the Member Protection Policy, Codes of Behaviour and/or relevant guidelines (e.g. selection policy)
- Explain how these policies relate to the issue/concern

#### **More Resources**

The Associations guidelines, Member Protection Policy and Codes of Behaviour

Issue specific information, Guidelines and Information sheets (e.g. appropriate physical contact, over night and away trips etc) available on <a href="https://www.playbytherules.net.au">www.playbytherules.net.au</a>

# Option 2: Person complaining talks with person being complained about

This is a good option when:

- The person complaining requests this option
- The complaint is in the early stages of the process
- The focus of the person complaining is to move forward rather than lay blame
- There isn't a significant power imbalance
- The person complaining is confident &/or isn't concerned about victimisation
- The club can protect the person complaining against victimisation (e.g. within club policies)
- There is little emotion involved

#### Steps to follow:

Consider suggesting to the person complaining that they:

- Be sensitive about when and where the talk takes place (e.g. don't do it in front of the team of other parents)
- Avoid being emotional and don't personalise concerns. Provide clear examples (e.g. when, where, who)
- Focus on the solution rather than the problem (e.g. how to move forward rather than seeking to lay blame)

 Take responsibility to help move forward (e.g. offering to be a Team Manager)

# Option 3: You meet with the person complained about

This is a good option when:

- The problem can be resolved by clarifying your clubs policies or guidelines
- There is a power imbalance between the parties
- You yourself have witnessed the behaviour
- The person complaining requests this option

## Steps to follow:

- Find a time to talk privately with the person being complained about (e.g. not in front of the team or parents)
- Let them know that concerns have been expressed but try not to make the discussion personal (e.g. rather than saying the person is alleged to have shown favouritism and bias towards their own child say there are concerns that children are not getting equal time in the game)
- Acknowledge their contribution to the club and discuss policies and guidelines that help clarify the club's position on the issue (e.g. junior sports policy and team selection)
- Ask for their perspective on the issue and what might have led to this being a concern
- Ask for their ideas on how to sort out this issue
- Check what further support might help them in their role (e.g. training)
- Get back to the person complaining with the outcome and monitor the situation

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# Option 4: Informal discussion with all those involved

This is a good option when:

- The issue is not highly emotive or aggression isn't involved
- Its appropriate for all parties to hear the same message at the same time (e.g. clarifying roles and responsibilities)
- The person complaining is open to discussion with the other person

## **Steps to follow:**

- Find a time and place when you can get the parties together
- Reassure both parties that the focus is on talking openly and to try and move forward rather than laying blame
- Make sure both parties have equal "air time" so they feel heard (e.g. the
  person complaining is concerned about the coach shouting at the players
  and the coach feels stressed because he has too many responsibilities)
- Identify common ground and build on this for workable solutions (e.g. that the coach needs more support to undertake his/her role)
- Allow both parties to suggest solutions (e.g. more parents involve themselves with the team as a team manager or scorer)
- Follow up with both parties to check that the problem is resolved

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